Compact and high-performance of 2-phase stepping motor driver

■Features

- •Unipolar constant current drive type
- •Enable to brake when it stops by STOP current adjustment.
- •Low speed and precise control with microstep
- •Insulate using photocoupler to minimize the influence by external noise.
- ●Power supply: 24-35VDC



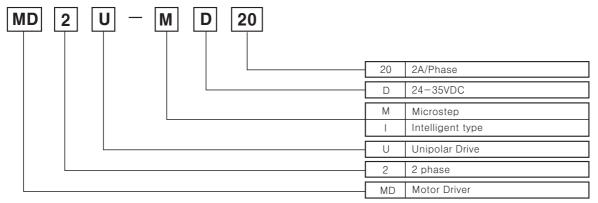




MD2U-MD20

MD2U-ID20

Ordering information



Specifications

Model	MD2U-MD20		MD2U-ID20			
Power supply	(★1)	1) 24-35VDC 3A				
RUN current	0.5 ~ 2.0A / Phase					
RUN method	Unipolar constant current drive					
Resolution						
Input pulse width		Min. 6μs				
Input pulse interval	Min. 6μs					
Rising/falling time	Max. 0.5μs					
Max. input pulse frequency	(★2)	40kpps				
Input voltage		High: 4-8VDC, Low: 0-0.5VDC				
Input resistance		300Ω (CW, CCW), 390Ω (HOLD OFF)	3.3kΩ (CW/CCW, RUN/STOP, HOLD OFF)			
Insulation resistance	Min. 200MΩ (Based on 500VDC mega)					
Dielectric strength	1000VDC 60Hz for 1 minute					
Vibration	1.5mm amplitude at frequency of 10~55Hz in each of X, Y, Z directions for 2 hours					
Shock	300m/s² (30G) in X, Y, Z directions for 3 times					
Ambient temperature	0 ~ 50℃ (at non-freezing status)					
Storage temperature	-20 ~ 60 ℃ (at non-freezing status)					
Ambient humidity	35 ~ 85%RH					
Approval			€			
Unit weight	Approx. 180g Approx. 190g					

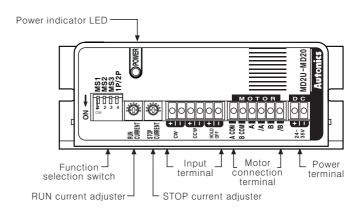
^{※(★1)} When using over 30VDC, it should be mounted at ventilative place due to increasing heat.

 $^{*(\}star 2)$ Max. input pulse frequency is subject to change depending on resolution.

2-Phase microstepping driver [MD2U-MD20]



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©Function selection switch

Setting microstep

	MS1	MS2	MS3	Resoution	Step angle
↓ □ □ □ ON 1 2 3	ON	ON	ON	Full-step	1.8 °
↓ ☐ ☐ ☐ ON 1 2 3	ON	ON	OFF	2 division	0.9 °
V	ON	OFF	ON	4 division	0.45 °
↓ ☐ ☐ ☐ ON1 2 3	ON	OFF	OFF	5 division	0.36 °
V	OFF	ON	ON	8 division	0.225 °
↓	OFF	ON	OFF	10 division	0.18 °
↓ ☐ ☐ ☐ ON1 2 3	OFF	OFF	ON	16 division	0.1125 °
↓	OFF	OFF	OFF	20 division	0.09 °

Setting input type

	1P / 2P
ON 4	1 Pulse input
ON 4	2 Pulse input

Resolution Setting(MS1/ MS2/ MS3)

- *A switch to select micro step angle to drive a motor.
- #Microstepping is to make basic step angle of 2-phase motors (1.8 $^{\circ}$) divided into smaller angle according to setting values
- *The formula for microstep angle is;

Rotation angle per pulse of 2-phase[°] = $\frac{1.8^{\circ} \text{ or } 0.9^{\circ}}{\text{Resolution}}$

*It may cause step-out if resolution is changed while motor is running.

●1P/2P

- *A switch to select pulse input type

 $CW: Operation\ command\ pulse\ input,\ CCW: Rotation\ direction\ pulse\ input([H]:CW,\ [L]:CCW)$

₩2-pulse input mode

CW: CW direction rotation pulse input, CCW: CCW direction rotation pulse input

ORUN current setting

RUN CURRENT



0.5A 2.0A

- *RUN current is a phase current provided to 2-phase stepping motor.
- *Be sure to set RUN current at the rated current or below. If not, it may cause heat generation, loss of torque or step-out.
- *RUN current setting range: 0.5 ~ 2.0A
- **RUN current setting: Measure the voltage by connecting a DC voltage meter to both CT+ and CT- terminals while the motor is running (Max. 150rpm).

Ex)Input Voltage(3V) \times 2 / 3 = 2A (Motor's excitation current)

**Adjust the RUN current in case severe heat generation occurs.

Be sure that torque decreasing may occur when adjusting the current.

**RUN current setting value may have some deviation depending on motor's running frequency. Note) Be sure to adjust RUN current while motor is running.

Note) Be sure to adjust RUN cu

STOP current setting

STOP CURRENT



*Stop current is a phase current provided to 2-phase stepping motor at standstill.

*A function to reduce the current in order to suppress the heat generation at motor standstill / Use variable resistance ratio within 0~100% of RUN current to set STOP current (Actual setting range is 20~70% of RUN current).

Ex)If RUN current setting value is 2A and STOP current setting value is 0%, STOP current will be set to 0.4A.

**STOP current setting value may have some deviation depending on resistance impedance of motor. **Auto current down function will be activated when HOLD OFF signal is [L]. When HOLD OFF signal

is [H], the function is not activated since the current provided to each phase is cut off.

Note) Be sure to adjust STOP current while motor is at standstill.

OHOLD OFF function

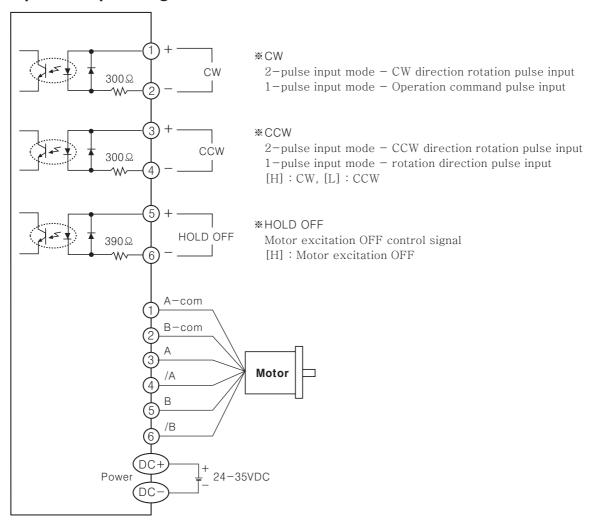
*When HOLD OFF input signal is [H], motor excitation is released.

When HOLD OFF input signal is [L], motor excitation is in a normal status.

*A function used to rotate motor i?s axis using external force or used for manual positioning.

**HOLD OFF Input signal [H] and [L] represent Photocoupler ON/OFF in a circuit.

■Input · Output diagram and connections

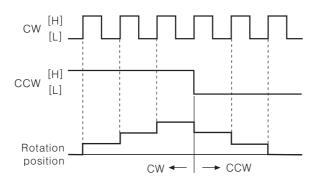


Note)Add external resistance when power for pulse from the external of the unit exceeds +5V. (Input power: Max. DC24V, Input current: 10~20mA)

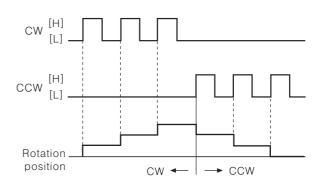
MD2U Series

■Time chart

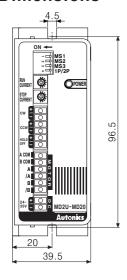
●1 Pulse input

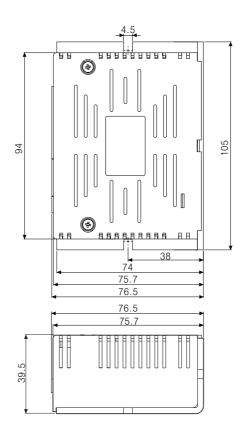


●2 Pulse input



Dimensions



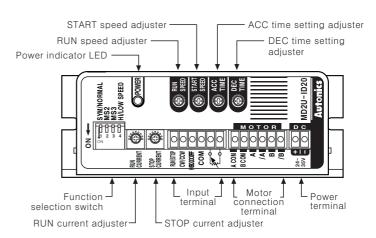


(Unit:mm)

2-Phase intelligent stepping motor driver [MD2U-ID20]



 $C\epsilon$



OIntelligent Type Stepping Motor Driver?

MD2U-ID20 is an intelligent type stepping motor driver including all features to control 2-phase stepping motors so that no controllers are required.

- •Realizing AC motor's driving features to stepping motors
- •Controlling START speed, RUN speed and ACC/DEC speed
- •User-friendly design to realize various functions (front switch and volume)
- •Realizing low vibration driving with microstepping

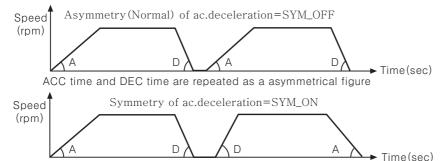
©Function selection switch

ON 1 2 3 4	S/W No.	1	2	3	4	Max. speed
	Name	SYM/NORMAL	MS2	MS3	Hi/Low speed	(rpm)
	Switch	ON:	ON	ON	ON: Hi speed	1500
		Symmetry OFF:Asymmetry (Normal)	ON	OFF		1350
			OFF	ON		1000
			OFF	OFF		500
		D ^(Note1)	D ^(Note1)	D ^(Note1)	OFF: Low speed	150

*(Note1)D=Don't care

OSelection of Symmetry/Asymmetry

*A function to make the ACC/DEC time of run-speed as asymmetry or symmetry using Dip switch No. 1.



ACC time and DEC time are repeated symmetrical figure

*It is able to set the gradient (acceleration and deceleration time) as ACC/DEC time.

OSelection of max. speed(MS2, MS3)

- *A function to select the max. speed of motors.
- *The max. speed of stepping motor is changed by MS2/MS3 and Hi/Low speed.
- *The features of run and vibration are able to change depending on MS2, MS3.
- *Lower the maximum speed to run a motor smoothly.

OSelection of Hi/Low speed

- **Hi/Low speed switch: Ac.deceleration control is not available in LS mode since all sections are included in Pull-in range.
- *LS mode: It is able to drive a motor up to 150rpm of max. drive speed.
- $\ensuremath{\mathrm{\#HS}}$ mode : It is able to drive a motor up to 1500rpm of max. drive speed.

^{*}Reset the power after changing function selection switch operations.

MD2U Series

©RUN current setting

RUN CURRENT





loss of torque or step-out.

※RUN current setting range: 0.5 ~ 2.0A

*RUN current setting: Measure the voltage by connecting a DC voltage meter to both CT+ and CT- terminals while the motor is running (Max. 150rpm).

*Be sure to set RUN current at the rated current or below. If not, it may cause heat generation,

Ex)Input Voltage $(3V) \times 2 / 3 = 2A$ (Motor's excitation current)

*Adjust the RUN current in case severe heat generation occurs.

Be sure that torque decreasing may occur when adjusting the current.

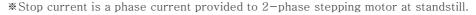
*RUN current is a phase current provided to 2-phase stepping motor.

*RUN current setting value may have some deviation depending on motor's running frequency. Note) Be sure to adjust RUN current while motor is running.



STOP current setting

STOP CURRENT





*A function to reduce the current in order to suppress the heat generation at motor standstill / Use variable resistance ratio within 0~100% of RUN current to set STOP current (Actual setting range is 20~70% of RUN current).

Ex) If RUN current setting value is 2A and STOP current setting value is 0%, STOP current will be

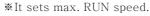
*STOP current setting value may have some deviation depending on resistance impedance of motor.

**Auto current down function will be activated when HOLD OFF signal is [L]. When HOLD OFF signal is [H], the function is not activated since the current provided to each phase is cut off.

Note) Be sure to adjust STOP current while motor is at standstill.

ORUN speed setting

RUN SPEED





- *Max. RUN speed can be different depending on max. speed setting (MS2, MS3) and driving mode setting (Hi/Low speed).
- ☀Consider motor type and its RUN current when setting Max. RUN speed. Missing step could occur due to max. input pulse frequency of motors.
- *Set the value when the motor stops.

START speed setting

START SPEED

*It sets desired START speed.



- *Max. START speed value is same with RUN speed value.
- *START speed must be set within max. starting frequency. It is recommended to set up START speed within 0~50% for stable driving.
- *Set the value when the motor stops.

OACC time setting

ACC TIME

*It sets the acceleration time from START speed to max. driving speed.



under 66.6% and DT_3 operation mode when DEC time is over 66.6%.

- *AT_1 operation mode when ACC time is under 33.3%, AT_2 operation mode when ACC time is under 66.6% and AT_3 operation mode when ACC time is over 66.6%.
- *AT_1 is 0.5 sec. when RUN speed=100%, START speed=0%.
- *AT_2 is 1 sec. when RUN speed=100%, START speed=0%.
- *AT_3 is 2 sec. when RUN speed=100%, START speed=0%.
- *****Set the value when the motor stops.

ODEC time setting

DEC TIME

*It sets the deceleration time from max. RUN speed to STOP. *DT_1 operation mode when DEC time is under 33.3%, DT_2 operation mode when DEC time is



*DT_1 is 0.5 sec. when RUN speed=100%, START speed=0%. *DT_2 is 1 sec. when RUN speed=100%, START speed=0%.

*DT_3 is 2 sec. when RUN speed=100%, START speed=0%.

*Set the value when the motor stops.

*ACC Time and DEC Time are declined in proportion to the setting value of START speed.

OHOLD OFF function

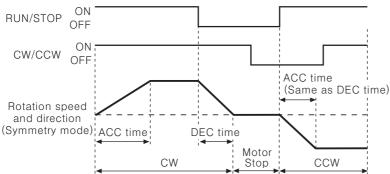
*When HOLD OFF input signal is [H], motor excitation is released.

When HOLD OFF input signal is [L], motor excitation is in a normal status.

- *A function used to rotate motor's axis using external force or used for manual positioning.
- *HOLD OFF input signal [H] and [L] represent Photocoupler ON/OFF in a circuit.

■ Time chart

High speed

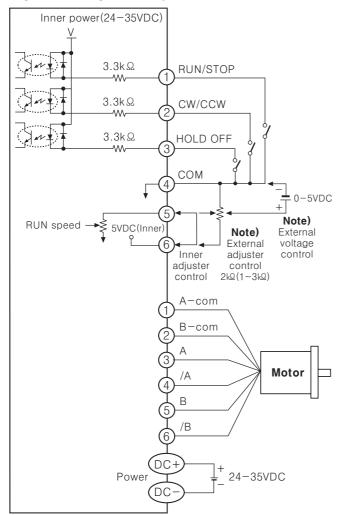


It accelerates up to RUN speed during ACC time after RUN signal is ON and decelerates during DEC time after it is OFF. It is disable to change the direction during the signal is ON and it takes 0.5sec for deceleration when DEC time is "0%".

•Low speed

Max. RUN speed is 150rpm and ACC and DEC time are not available. It is same with High speed to change RUN/STOP and direction.

■Input · Output diagram and connections



Note) Inner adjuster is correlated to external adjuster control and external voltage control. Make sure that inner adjuster must be set to maximum in order to set maximum RUN speed using external adjuster and external voltage.

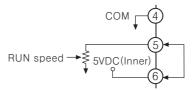
RUN/STOP signal input
→ [ON] : RUN, [OFF] : STOP

Direction signal input
→ [ON] : CW, [OFF] : CCW

HOLD OFF signal iuput

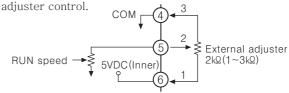
→ [ON] : HOLD OFF, [OFF] : HOLD ON

•Inner adjuster control (Adjusting RUN SPEED with front VR)
Make the connection between terminal no.5 and no.6.



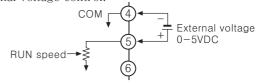
 External adjuster control (Adjusting RUN SPEED with connecting external variable resistance)

Connect variable resistance $2k\Omega(1{\sim}3k\Omega)$ for external adjuster control. If variable resistance is too low, full range setting might not be possible. Make sure to adjust RUN speed VR to maximum for external



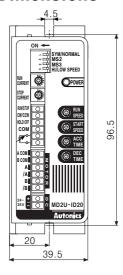
 External voltage control (Adjusting RUN SPEED with external voltage input)

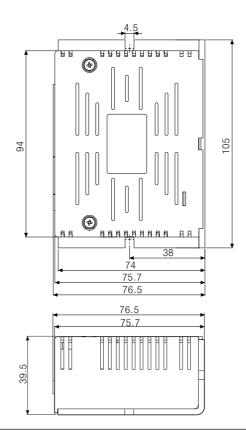
Make sure to adjust RUN speed VR to maximum external voltage control.



MD2U Series

Dimensions





(Unit:mm)

Proper usage

- ©Failure diagnosis and management
 - •Check the connection of controller and driver, if motor does not rotate.
 - •Check the DIR input of driver, if motor rotates as a reverse direction, it is CW for [ON] and CCW for [OFF].
 - •If motor does not work properly,
 - ①Check the connection of driver and motor.
 - ②Check driver output current and RUN current of motor depending on current adjuster are correct.

OCaution for using

- •Do not change DIR signal during the operation.
- •Set RUN current as under the rated current of motor, or it emits heat too much.
- •When using over 30VDC, it should be mounted at ventilative place due to increasing heat.
- •Use twisted pair (Min. 0.2mm²) for the signal wire should be shorter than 2m.
- •Use an electric wire thicker than the motor lead wire when extending the motor wires.
- •Install a heat sink on metal surface closely.
- •Installation environment
- 1 It shall be used indoor.
- ②Altitude Max.2000m
- ③Pollution Degree 2

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 $\textcircled{4} Installation \ Category \ II$