MODEL GCM232 - SERIAL CONVERTER MODULE (RS-232C/20 mA CURRENT LOOP)



- ALLOWS COMMUNICATIONS BETWEEN RS-232 CONTROL EQUIPMENT AND RLC PRODUCTS WITH 20 mA SERIAL COMMUNICATIONS OPTION
- ISOLATED 20 mA SERIAL COMMUNICATIONS
- FULLY ENCLOSED SCREW-TOGETHER DURABLE PLASTIC
 CASE

CE

DESCRIPTION

The GCM232 Serial Converter Module provides the capability of interfacing Red Lion Controls products with 20 mA current loop serial communications option to most equipment with RS-232 communications. The isolated 20 mA current loop connections in the GCM232 allows multiple modules to be wired into the serial loop. Data format of the RS-232 equipment must be the same as the Red Lion Controls product (*Reference the serial communications section of the appropriate manual for more details*).

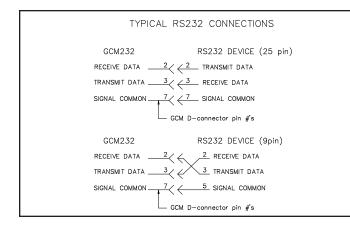
An external +12 VDC power source is required to power the GCM232 module. Some Red Lion Controls products have a +12 VDC output which can be used (*Note: Reference appropriate manual to ensure +12 volt output has enough current capability*). The external power source and isolated 20 mA serial communications loop connections are made via a 6 position terminal block located inside the module. A 680Ω current limiting resistor is provided to obtain the source current for the Serial Current Loop. Connections for the RS-232 are made via a 25-pin female D-type connector.

SAFETY SUMMARY

All safety related regulations, local codes and instructions that appear in the manual or on equipment must be observed to ensure personal safety and to prevent damage to either the instrument or equipment connected to it. If equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

SPECIFICATIONS

- 1. **POWER:** + 9 to 28 VDC @ 30 mA max.
- Power supplies must be Class 2 or SELV rated.
- 2. RS-232 VOLTAGES:
 - **Receive Data Pin 2:** \pm 30 VDC_{max}, mark condition \leq 0.8 VDC space condition \geq 2.4 VDC.
 - **Transmit Data Pin 3:** mark condition = -10 VDC (*typ*). space condition = +10 VDC (*typ*).



- 3. 20mA CURRENT LOOP:
 - **SO** Output Transistor Rating: $V_{max} = 25$ VDC,
 - $V_{sat} = 1 \text{ VDC}_{max} @ 20 \text{ mA.}$ SI - Input Diode Rating: VF = 1.25 VDC_{typ}, 1.5 VDC_{max} @ 20 mA. (*Note: Reverse polarity protection at SI diode*)
- 4. MAXIMUM CABLE LENGTH: RS-232 cable: 50 Ft.
- 20 mA current loop: 4000 Ft.
- 5. **BAUD RATE:** 9600 max.
- 6. ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS:
- **Operating Temperature**: 0 to 50°C
- Storage Temperature: -40 to 80°C Operating and Storage Humidity: 85% max. (non-condensing) from 0°C to 50°C.
- Altitude: Up to 2000 meters
- 7. CERTIFICATIONS AND COMPLIANCES:
- EMC EMISSIONS:

Meets EN50081-1: Residential, Commercial and Light Industry CISPR 22 Radiated and conducted emissions

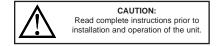
- EMC IMMUNITY:
- Meets EN 50082-2: Industrial Environment.
 - ENV 50140 Radio-frequency radiated electromagnetic field ¹
 - ENV 50141 Radio-frequency conducted electromagnetic field ¹
 - EN 61000-4-2 Electrostatic discharge $(ESD)^2$
 - EN 61000-4-4 Electrical fast transient/burst (EFT)³

Notes:

- 1. For operation without loss of performance:
 - Install power line filter, RLC #LFIL0000 or equivalent.
- *I/O cables routed in metal conduit connected to earth ground.*
- 2. Anti-static precautions should be observed before handling the device.
- 3. For operation without loss of performance:
- Install power line filter, RLC#LFIL0000 or equivalent. Refer to EMC Installation Guidelines section of the manual for additional
- information.

8. DIMENSIONS: 0.99" H x 2.10" W x 4.32" L

- 25.2 mm H x 53.4 mm W x 109.8 mm L
- 9. Shielded cable must be used, connect shield drain wire to earth ground.



ORDERING INFORMATION

MODEL NO.	DESCRIPTION	PART NUMBER
GCM232	Serial Converter Module RS-232	GCM23201

EMC INSTALLATION GUIDELINES

Although this unit is designed with a high degree of immunity to ElectroMagnetic Interference (EMI), proper installation and wiring methods must be followed to ensure compatibility in each application. The type of electrical noise, source or coupling method into the unit may be different for various installations. In extremely high EMI environments, additional measures may be needed. Cable length, routing and shield termination are very important and can mean the difference between a successful or a troublesome installation. Listed below are some EMC guidelines for successful installation in an industrial environment.

- DC power to the unit should be relatively clean and within the specified limits. Connecting power to the unit from circuits that power inductive loads that cycle on and off, such as contactors, relays, motors, etc., should be avoided. This will reduce the chance of noise spikes entering the DC power connection and affecting the unit.
- 2. The shield (screen) pigtail connection should be made as short as possible. The connection point for the shield depends somewhat upon the application. Listed below are the recommended methods of connecting the shield, in order of their effectiveness.
 - a. Connect the shield only at the unit to earth ground (protective earth).
 - b. Connect the shield to earth ground at both ends of the cable, usually when the noise source frequency is above 1 MHz.
 - c. Connect the shield to common of the unit and leave the other end of the shield unconnected and insulated from earth ground.
- 3. Never run Signal cables in the same conduit or raceway with AC power lines, conductors feeding motors, solenoids, SCR controls, and heaters, etc. The cables should be run in metal conduit that is properly grounded. This is especially useful in applications where cable runs are long and portable two-way radios are used in close proximity or if the installation is near a commercial radio transmitter.
- Signal cables within an enclosure should be routed as far away as possible from contactors, control relays, transformers, and other noisy components.
- 5. In extremely high EMI environments, the use of external EMI suppression devices, such as ferrite suppression cores, is effective. Install them on Signal cables as close to the unit as possible. Loop the cable through the core several times or use multiple cores on each cable for additional protection. Install line filters on the power input cable to the unit to suppress power line interference. Install them near the power entry point of the enclosure. The following EMI suppression devices (or equivalent) are recommended: Ferrite Suppression Cores for signal cables:

Fair-Rite # 0443167251 (RLC #FCOR0000) TDK # ZCAT3035-1330A Steward #28B2029-0A0 Line Filters for input power cables:

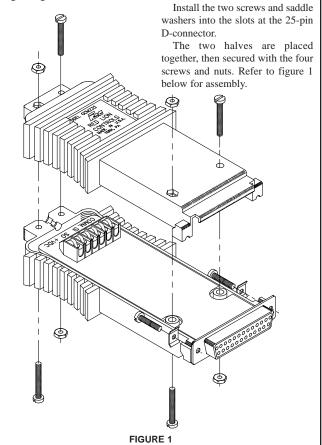
- Schaffner # FN610-1/07 (RLC #LFIL0000) Schaffner # FN670-1.8/07 Corcom #1VR3
- Note: Reference manufacturer's instructions when installing a line filter.
- 6. Long cable runs are more susceptible to EMI pickup than short cable runs. Therefore, keep cable runs as short as possible.

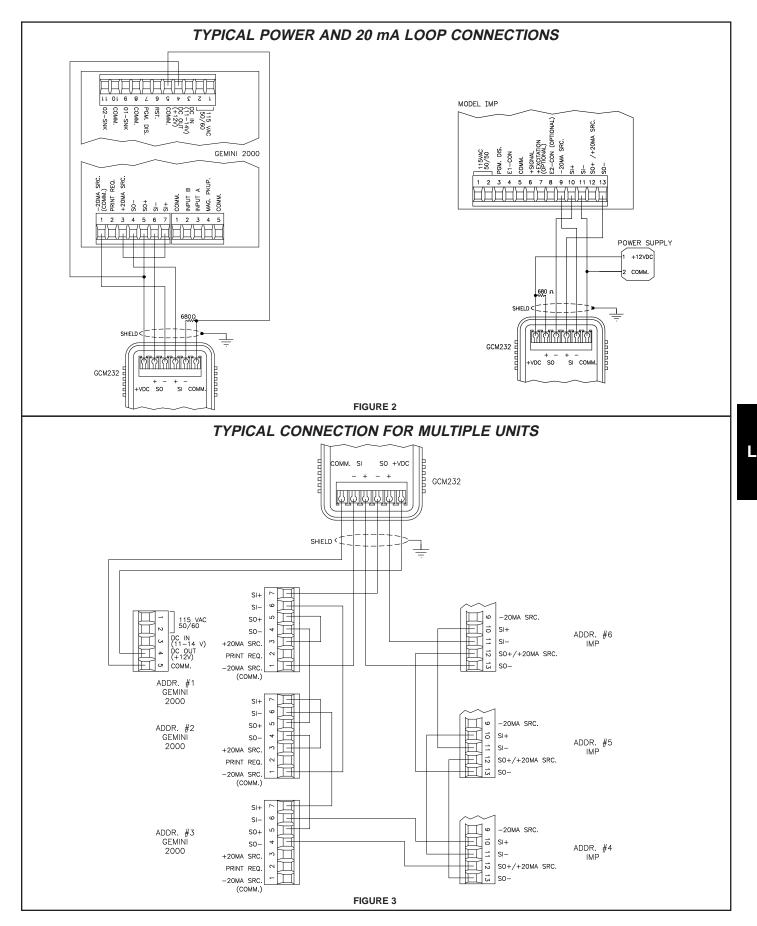
INSTALLATION ENVIRONMENT

The unit should be installed in a location that does not exceed the maximum operating temperature and provides good air circulation. Placing the unit near devices that generate excessive heat should be avoided.

Installation

The power and 20 mA current loop connections should be made with 24 gauge, multi-conductor, shielded cable. Wire insulation should be stripped to approximately 1/4 inch (*stranded wires should be tinned with solder*). Accessing the terminal block is accomplished by removing the four screws and nuts that hold the two halves together. Connect the power and 20 mA loop wires to the appropriate terminal block pins, and route the cable through the groove at the rear of the module.





TROUBLESHOOTING

For further technical assistance, contact technical support at the appropriate company numbers listed.